



POLICE & CRIME COMMISSIONER FOR LANCASHIRE

DECISION 2018-47	DATE: 7 February 2019
TITLE: MEAM FUNDING BLACKBURN WITH DARWEN	
REPORT BY: LOUISE FAIRCLOUGH A/DEPUTY DIRECTOR	

Executive Summary

1. The Commissioner's revenue budget for 2018-19 includes an allocation of £20k for funding initiatives in relation to Making Every Adult Matter (MEAM).
2. There are two National MEAM approaches operating within Lancashire on at Preston and one in Blackburn. This particular scheme relates to the Blackburn scheme and is linked to the extend the reach into the Burnley area
3. This particular project and funding applied for will support the extension in working hours to an existing session worker employed by Child Action North West and the management support around these extra sessions
4. This Decision seeks to confirm the allocation of £20k from the MEAM budget to endorse this funding to support the PCC Priorities in respect of Tackling Crime, Reoffending and Criminal Justice.

Recommendations

The Commissioner is recommended to approve the proposed use of the MEAM budget as outlined in Appendix A

Signature

Clive Grunshaw

Police and Crime Commissioner

Date *11th February 2019.*

PART I

1. Background and Advice

The OPCC has provided funding to council's operating a MEAM approach for many years. In 2018 Preston became the second area to operate the Nationally run MEAM scheme. Blackburn with Dawen have been operating one for a number of years and more recently have wanted to stretch the reach of their support and engagement into the Burnley area .

2. Links to the Police and Crime Plan

The work of MEAM is very clearly linked to all the priorities of the Police and Crime Plan.

3. Consultation

N/A

4. Implications

a. Legal

None to consider.

b. Financial

Contained in the report.

c. Equality considerations

As part of Force policy.

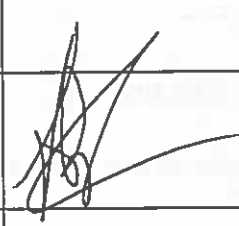
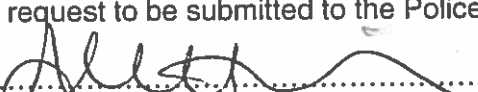
5. Background Papers

None.

6. Public access to information

Information in this form is subject to the Freedom of Information Act 2000 and other legislation.

Part 1 of this form will be made available on the PCC website within 3 working days of approval. Any facts/advice/recommendations that should not be made available on request should not be included in Part 1 but instead on the separate Part 2 form.

Officer declaration	Date
LEGAL IMPLICATIONS – As above	
FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS – As above	
EQUALITIES IMPLICATIONS – As above	
CONSULTATION – As above	
Director to the Office of the Police and Crime Commissioner (Monitoring Officer) I have been informed about the proposal and confirm that financial, legal and equalities advice has been taken into account in the preparation of this report. I am satisfied that this is an appropriate request to be submitted to the Police and Crime Commissioner for Lancashire. Signature..... Date.....11/21/19.....	

Appendix A

Approval is sought from the Police and Crime Commissioner to consider supporting the application from Blackburn with Darwen Council for £20k to fund the continued MEAM approach which has run for a number of years.

The Scheme meets all four priorities outlined in the Police and Crime Commissioner by encouraging engagement in support services and enforcement solutions for those who often commit crime and reoffending, have complex needs linked to drink, drugs and social inclusion.

By individuals engaging in these schemes there will be less incidents for officers to need to be deployed.

Vulnerable young people and adults will be encouraged to engage and re-engage with services to promote better outcomes, engagement on MEAM will lead to access to vital support to reduce risk harm and vulnerability.

Opportunities for housing and successful integration into the community will also become more meaningful dialogue with individuals and communities.

The MEAM project receiving additional funding from the OPCC will aim to bring about reductions in the following

- Offending behaviour
- Levels of chaos
- Homelessness
- Anti social behaviour
- Substance misuse

Expected outcomes would be :

- Reduction in offending
- Reduction in acquisitive crime
- Reduction in A & E admissions
- Increase in engagement with specialist support services
- Increase in the moves to appropriate accommodation

East Lancashire MEAM will seek to replicate the national model to replicate and enhance the working model to reduce crime, reoffending, tackle social exclusion and increase the understanding of roles and responsibilities within partnership working.

The funding request for £20k will support existing teams with the provision of extra hours for sessional work and increase capacity from 12 hours a week to 36 hours. This will in turn result in extensions to job tasks and areas reached to support the individuals

Louise Fairclough
A/Deputy Director
Crime, Reoffending and Criminal Justice

The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records and the role of the auditor in this process.

It is essential for the auditor to ensure that all transactions are properly recorded and that the books are balanced at all times.

The auditor should also be aware of any changes in the accounting system and ensure that they are properly implemented.

In addition, the auditor should maintain a clear and concise audit trail, which will allow for a thorough review of the records at any time.

The second part of the document discusses the various methods used by auditors to verify the accuracy of the records.

These methods include physical counts, analytical procedures, and the use of computerized systems.

Physical counts involve the auditor physically inspecting the inventory and other assets to ensure that they are properly recorded.

Analytical procedures involve the auditor comparing the recorded amounts with expected amounts based on industry trends and other factors.

The use of computerized systems allows the auditor to quickly and accurately process large amounts of data.

The third part of the document discusses the various types of errors that can occur in the accounting records.

These errors include clerical errors, errors of omission, and errors of commission.

Clerical errors are the most common type of error and are usually caused by a simple mistake in recording a transaction.

Errors of omission occur when a transaction is not recorded at all, while errors of commission occur when a transaction is recorded incorrectly.

The auditor should be able to identify these errors and correct them to ensure that the records are accurate.

The final part of the document discusses the various types of reports that the auditor can issue.